

Real Facts About Allied Offensive; Conflicting Reports Analyzed by an Expert

SIX MILES' ADVANCE; GREATEST BRITISH GAIN.

Ginchy Doomed to Fall at Any Time;
French North and South of Peronne.

(BY DIRECT WIRE—EXCLUSIVE DISPATCH.)

WASHINGTON, Sept. 14.—The greatest gain secured by the Franco-British offensive on the Somme front has been approximately six miles. Gen. Foch, the French commander, has pushed his line forward six miles at points north and south of Peronne.

This statement was made today by a military expert when asked to tell as closely as possible the exact gains made by the French and British forces.

"The greatest gain made by the British," he continued, "is west of Ginchy, where Gen. Haig has pushed forward his fighting line approximately five miles.

"Immediately opposite Ginchy, which is doomed to fall at any time, the British advance was about four miles. Opposite Comblis the French line was moved forward approximately three miles, while opposite Peronne it has pushed the Germans back four miles.

"With the exception of Peronne itself, Gen. Foch's line has advanced nearly six miles on a front of seven miles or more. The British line has been thrown forward four to five miles on a front considerably shorter.

TACTICS OF FOCH.

"The most stubborn resistance, of course, has been met in front of the strongholds at Comblis and Peronne. The tactics of Gen. Foch, which have been used to striking advantage, are to pocket the great German strongholds and gradually close in on the flanks of the enemy, compelling retreatment at terrific cost to the Germans. In this way he is killing, wounding or capturing vast numbers of the enemy.

"While the advance of the British forces under Gen. Haig has been slower, from the outset it has been over a rougher country, in the face of heavier enemy forces and made by troops that have not had nearly as much training as the French soldiers.

"From the outset the German commanders have proceeded on the theory that their greatest danger was from the British. Whether this has led them to take inadequate measures to hold back the French cannot be definitely stated at this time. It is so, they have paid dearly for this error, judging from the sharp and vital advances of Gen. Foch's splendid fighting forces.

"The German General Staff may have nursed the illusion that the French could be taken care of later, so long as the British were backed. They are no longer nursing this or other illusions as to the punch of the British commander-in-chief of the Somme.

"In view of the unquestioned strength of the German trenches and the certainty that the French will live long in military history as a remarkable achievement.

"Trenches which were believed to be virtually impregnable have succumbed to the French. British big-gun fire almost like hordes of cards. In many instances it has been literally impossible for the Germans to face the fire and live.

"This can be seen at a glance when it is stated that Peronne is approximately sixty miles from the German front.

"Despite the remarkable gains of the British and French, there can be no doubt that they are far from a decisive battle on the western front. This can be seen at a glance when it is stated that Peronne is approximately sixty miles from the German front.

"This fact, however, does not in any way detract from the importance of the gains already made in the Anglo-French drive. They have captured the trenches which the Germans themselves believed to be impregnable. The sudden and successful thrusts of Gen. Foch this week seem to indicate that the German line is being driven back to a point where they were driven by the British and French artillery and infantry attacks.

"However this may be, the allies must guard against illusions. It is not at all probable, in view of the thorough preparations made by the central powers, more especially Germany, for the war that the German General Staff has not provided trenches somewhere on a second line of defense, which are equally as strong, if not stronger, than those over which the British and French are now passing.

"In view of what they are facing the Germans are putting up a splendid defense. It would require years for the allies to reach the Rhine opposite Peronne if their progress should not be greater at times than it has been during the past eleven weeks. It is certain that the British and French will be able to go forward at a more rapid rate at times. It is also probable that in time the German Emperor and General Staff will decide to shorten their line by evacuating large sections of Belgium and France. This would greatly simplify the task the allies have set forger.

THE LOS ANGELES ADVERTISING SCORE.

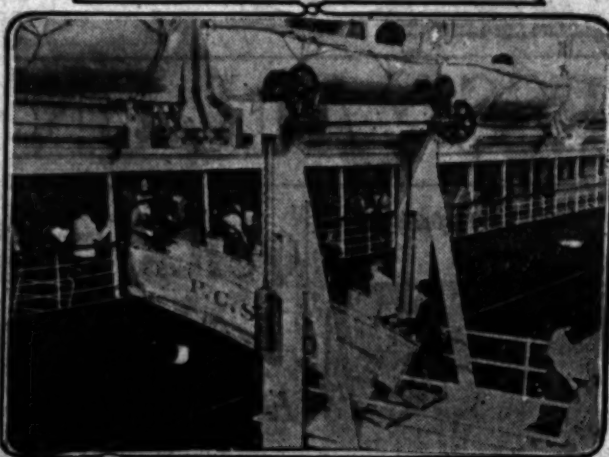
In printing the advertising records of all the daily and Sunday newspapers in Los Angeles every day, The Times does not attempt to mislead or deceive its readers by using figures that concern only certain kinds of advertising. It honestly publishes the figures of all classes of advertising printed in each local newspaper.

The listing of figures is left to those newspapers that dare not tell the whole truth and that have not the courage or fairness to make honest comparisons.

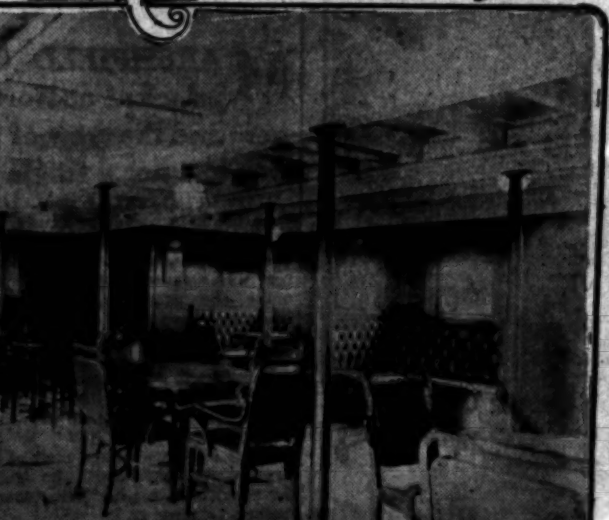
For the week ending Sunday, September 15, the Los Angeles newspapers published the following number of lines of advertising (300 space lines make one column):

	Display	Want	Total	Times
First—Los Angeles Times	245,823	88,819	334,642	48,962
Second morning paper	17,489	12,118	29,607	10,028
Third morning paper	116,983	22,324	139,307	10,028
First evening paper	114,366	14,756	129,122	10,028
Second evening paper	109,435	12,712	122,147	10,028
Third evening paper	62,690	2,998	65,688	10,028

Views of the Steamship Congress.



Side view of the Congress.



Front view of the Congress.

Tragedy Prevented.

(Continued from First Page.)

amount of money and valuables belonging to the passengers. All this was in the safe, which is still on the burning vessel.

J. A. Smith, of Belding Bros., silk dealers of San Francisco, was traveling north on pleasure. Mr. Smith said there could not have been anything in sailing here that could equal the excitement of the work done by the crew of the Congress.

The lifeboats were ample in every way and the last passenger, he said, was off the ship long before there was any danger of being scorched. He said that on board the Michie, as soon as the first passengers were landed, the galley crew set at work the tea, coffee and sandwiches, giving them the impression they were on a pleasure trip.

It was reported here tonight that the manager of the Pacific Coast Steamship Company, who was on the ship, was leaving for Coos Bay and would provide a special train to care for all who are stranded on a coast where the fire is still burning.

The fire started about 3:30 a. m. as nearly as could be learned, and the Congress made at once for shelter, expecting perhaps to get into Coos Bay and land her passengers.

BRITISH RAILWAY CONFAB A DEADLOCK.

(BY ATLANTIC CABLE AND A. P.)

LONDON, Sept. 14.—At the resumption of debate in the Hungarian Diet today, Premier Tisza again refused to consent to the convention of the delegation, or representatives of the Austrian and Hungarian Parliament, says a dispatch from Budapest to Reuters' Telegram Company.

In defending the government's foreign policy, the Premier admitted that, while Rumania's intention was well known, it was not supposed her armies were ready, and, therefore, it was believed an attack from that quarter would not come so soon. The Premier continued:

"We believed that Rumania had a better conception of her own interests. We were deceived in this assumption, and our error had and harmful consequences for us, but I don't know whether the consequences of this premature attack will not be much heavier for Rumania."

FRENCH PRAISE AMERICAN.

(BY ATLANTIC CABLE AND A. P.)

PARIS, Sept. 14.—Robert Bowman of Lake Forest, Ill., a driver of section No. 1 of the American Field Ambulance Service, has been cited in the orders of the day for "exceptional devotion to duty, never hesitating in the presence of danger."

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SAFETY OF AMERICANS

FIRST CONSIDERATION.

Commission Discusses Modus Operandi to Eliminate Villa and Bandits.

(BY JOHN CALLEN O'LAUGHLIN.)

HOTEL GRIBWOLD (New London, Ct.) Sept. 14.—There is a prospect that as a result of the deliberations of the American and Mexican commissioners at New London, Mexico will consent to the creation of a military zone along the border, which will be jointly patrolled by American and Carranza troops.

The joint commission has practically ceased to exchange views and is now devoting itself to the consideration of the several bases of agreement to be signed before their final adjournment. In the judgment of the American representatives, it is of first importance that provision shall be made for the security of Americans in their own country as well as in Mexico. To assure the former, it is necessary to adopt adequate measures for the suppression of brigandage in the Northern States of the neighboring republic.

CARRANZA'S PREFERENCE. Gen. Carranza naturally would prefer to restore order by means of his own soldiers. Experience, however, has demonstrated that they are too weak or too inefficient to accomplish the results required by the United States. Consequently, this government is not content to leave the Mexican border solely in the hands of Carranza's soldiers.

Moreover, it is realized that the United States has 150,000 men patrolling the border, it is insisted there is no need to give Carranza troops the right to operate in our territory. The matter, therefore, resolves itself down to the simple question of the establishment of a zone in Northern Mexico.

It is certain Carranza will not consent to the establishment of a zone of any great width. The talk here, therefore, has centered about the creation of a zone of some forty miles, extending from the Gulf of Mexico to the Pacific Ocean. The probability is that as a result of the discussion which will take place the width of the zone will be twenty miles.

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Aid from Italy.

(Continued from First Page.)

of the countries at war, and it is because the republic, like the Fatherland, saves it commissioned men as far as possible. It is well known that snipers on either side pay little attention to ordinary soldiers, being under order to pick off officers only. And therefore it is highly necessary that officers be difficult to differentiate from the men in their trenches in order that enemy snipers may not spot them too easily.

The British officer wears a collar on his tunic like the collar of the jacket of an ordinary snail suit. He also wears a khaki collar and khaki tie. The German sharpshooters have not been slow to find that the British officer's collar is a target and they have been shooting at it with great accuracy. The British officer's collar is a target and they have been shooting at it with great accuracy.

Every French officer from a sub-lieutenant on up carries a sword and a pair of binoculars in a black leather case. The German snipers know this perfectly well, and when they encounter themselves in a convenient place they take the sword and binoculars and shoot at them. They wait until the French officer is in the open and then they shoot at him.

When the French charge and the German snipers take to the open with their men they are not permitted to carry their field glasses with them. Nor do they have a sword as they shoot. "En avant!" The officers carry either a scabbard of grenades, the same as their men, or a sword with a "red" as they call the bayonet, carefully fixed.

The Germans in some cases have adopted a ruse exactly opposite. In sending out a "wave of assault" in storming a position the German officers carry their binoculars along their shoulders, and every private carries a "dummy" pair of glasses, which he holds up to his eyes and looks through them. The French have captured a number of German officers equipped with "fake field glasses."

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GREEK TROOPS

FOR GERMAN

Forces that Were at Kavala to Move Further North.

(BY WIRELESS AND A. P.)

HERLIN, Sept. 14 (via Athens).—An official announcement was made today that the Greek troops at Kavala were to move further north to the Bulgarian border.

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GREEK TROOPS FOR GERMANY.

Forces that Were at Kavala to Move Further North.

Hellenes will be Treated Neutrals by the Kaiser.

Why the Teutons and Bulgars Entered Greek Territory.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 14.—(By A. P. Night Wire.)—The State Department today received from the Greek government a communication in which the Greek government announced that it had decided to send a detachment of 10,000 Greek troops to the Balkans to fight against the Bulgarians.

BERLIN, Sept. 14.—(By A. P. Night Wire.)—The German government today announced that it had decided to accept the Greek offer of troops.

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PUSH ADVANCE IN DOBRUDJA.

Teuton Armies Continue the Drive on Rumanians.

Bulgars may Retaliate for Alleged Atrocities.

British are Still Inactive in Mesopotamia.

AMERICAN REGISTRY SHOWS AN INCREASE.

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THE WEATHER ELSEWHERE.

Overcasts Needed in Chicago, and Middle West is Colder.

CHICAGO BUREAU OF THE TIMES, Sept. 14.—Overcasts were heavily requisitioned tonight when the temperature dropped from 77 deg. to 64 deg. under a nipping northwesterly wind.

Points Out Danger of Return of the Democrats.

Willcox Says Speaking Tour is to be Arranged.

NEW YORK, Sept. 14.—In his first campaign utterance in a letter to the Hughes National College League, made public here today, William H. Taft attacked the present administration.

There are as many reasons why Mr. Wilson should not be continued at the head of the administration, as there are for his removal.

Mr. Taft said that the country is in a state of confusion and that the people are in a state of despair.

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KILLS HER KEEPER, ELEPHANT HANGED.

ERWIN (Tenn.) Sept. 14.—Mary, the big circus elephant which killed her trainer at Kingsport, Tenn., Tuesday, was hanged here today.

A railroad derrick car was used in the execution. The animal was forced to the tracks by other elephants, heavy chains were tied around her neck and she was hoisted in the air. She was valued at \$10,000 by her owners.

BRYAN ARRIVES AT PHOENIX, ARIZ.

PHOENIX (Ariz.) Sept. 14.—The nomination of Gov. George W. P. Hunt, Democrat, by more than 5000 majority, seemed practically certain, according to returns received up to 1 o'clock today.

W. J. Bryan addressed a large crowd that greeted him at the airport when he arrived at midnight last night.

CARLSON RENOMINATED.

DENVER (Colo.) Sept. 14.—J. L. Moorehead, campaign manager of Samuel D. Nicholson, this afternoon announced the renomination of Gov. George A. Carlson, Republican.

WOULD EDUCATE INVALID SOLDIERS.

QUERBEY (Sept. 14.—The delegates to the congress of the Canadian Federation of Labor have adopted resolutions asking the Federal government to establish technical schools for the education of Canadian invalid soldiers.

Another resolution petitioned for Federal legislation which would fix a maximum price on all foodstuffs in Canada.

BIG I.W.W. GANG JAILED AT SCRANTON.

SCRANTON (Pa.) Sept. 14.—More than 400 Industrial Workers of the World, holding a meeting at Old Forge today in defiance of the orders of Sheriff Phillips, were put under arrest by the Sheriff and his deputies.

They were marched to this city and locked up. The I.W.W. men, who are mine workers, have forced the mines at Old Forge to shut down and have, it is alleged, made threats against many of the residents.

Your Appearance

The features may be improved by properly adjusted eyeglasses. Many who need glasses hesitate because they do not know that we can enhance their appearance by prescribing mountings and lenses of shape and size to conform to the contour of the head. Come to our store and let us demonstrate. Cahn Standard Optical Co., 718 S. Broadway.—Advertisement.

TAUGHT TO FIRE GUNS.

SAN DIEGO, Sept. 14.—(On board U.S.S. South Dakota.)—The citizen sailors who are taking a training course on the South Dakota were here today taught how to work the six-inch guns and the rapid-fire automatic ordnance.

They were lectured on naval tactics and given a general talk on navy conditions.

NEWARK (N. J.) Sept. 14.—Five men, including Samuel Botkin, president of the Interstate Milk and Cream Company, were killed today in an explosion of an ammonia tank at the company's plant, which was the open next Monday.

Among the known dead is Botkin's son-in-law. Three others were injured.

LIVE-STOCK MEN GATHER.

WHEN Discuss Interests of Industry at Session in Denver.

DENVER (Colo.) Sept. 14.—Prominent live-stock men from the West and Southwest were here today for the conference of the marketing committee of the National Live Stock Association with shipper.

to be held tomorrow. Among those expected to attend the conference are the Hon. J. H. McMillan, U. S. Sen. from Colorado, and E. C. Hall, chief of the Bureau of Marketing, Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C.

Particular consideration will be given means of improving marketing conditions and the methods employed by the packing industry. It is expected resolutions will be adopted urging Congress to continue hearings held recently in Washington to determine whether the packers control prices and marketing conditions.

OPERATE ON UNDERMYER.

YONKERS (N. Y.) Sept. 14.—Samuel Undermyer was operated on for intestinal trouble at his country home, Greystown, today. The attending physicians reported that the patient was doing well.

CASTORIA For Infants and Children In Use For Over 30 Years

ASK FOR and GET HORLICK'S THE ORIGINAL MALTED MILK

Branch Bank for your convenience at 33rd and Main Sts.

The Bank for Everybody

BURGLARS BREAK INTO HOME; GET MUCH JEWELRY

Burglars are regaining a harvest now

Burglars watch for vacant houses

Jewelry should be kept in a safe

Deposit Vaults

Money will be safe and earn interest in our Savings Department

The newspapers are full of accounts of burglaries in the residential sections. Thousands of dollars have been stolen, innumerable articles of jewelry have disappeared and valuable papers lost forever.

Nothing is safer than to put your valuables in our Safe Deposit Department (boxes rent at \$5.00 or more yearly) and money in our Savings Department, where it will earn four per cent. interest, compounded semi-annually.

Branch at Second and Spring Streets

Branch at Pico St. and Grand Ave.

Branch at 6th and Spring Sts.

Branch at 10th and Spring Sts.

Branch at 14th and Spring Sts.

Branch at 18th and Spring Sts.

Branch at 22nd and Spring Sts.

Branch at 26th and Spring Sts.

Branch at 30th and Spring Sts.

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Branch at 38th and Spring Sts.

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Branch at 58th and Spring Sts.

Branch at 62nd and Spring Sts.

Branch at 66th and Spring Sts.

Branch at 70th and Spring Sts.

Branch at 74th and Spring Sts.

Branch at 78th and Spring Sts.

Branch at 82nd and Spring Sts.

FOOTWEAR FASHIONS

for men and women, present many new concepts for the fall season. This store is now displaying the authoritative styles in wide variety, all conservatively priced. Your inspection is invited.

INNES SHOE CO.

642 BROADWAY - OPPOSITE BULLOCKS

The most sublime spectacle in the world

Less than one day from Los Angeles. Few Los Angeles people have seen it. Reached in perfect comfort. Splendid hotel accommodations. Inexpensive rail transportation. Reasonable and varied hotels.

Now is the pink of the year. Showers and flowers.

The Grand Canyon of Arizona

Ask E. W. McGee, 611 South Hill Street Phone 60041—Main 738

BELL-ANS

Absolutely Removes Indigestion. One package proves it. 25c at all druggists

la outfit

Fifteen months in which to pay the balance

1500

HITS, ELEVEN MILES, WORLD GUNNERY RECORD.

cent trial recorded five hits on a small target eleven miles away. At that distance a target is not visible to the gunners.

The Pennsylvania is the first vessel to have its entire main battery mounted on a turret. Its gun performance is declared by ordinance and construction officers to be the finest ever achieved by the three-gun turret system.

California Savings & Bank

Commercial Bank

Branch Bank for your convenience at 33rd and Main Sts.

Pacific Slope.

ARGUMENT ON CONSPIRACY

Prosecution Claims Billings in Other Bomb Plots.

Court Asks Attorney Brennan to be More Specific.

Defendant's Previous Arrest an Issue in Trial.

(BY A. P. DAY WIRE.)

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 14.—The argument concerning the conspiracy charges against three men, including the defendant, Thomas Brennan, today at the Billings murder trial in the U. S. District Court.

Prosecution attorneys today asked the court to allow the jury to hear evidence of Brennan's previous arrest in 1912, on charges of conspiracy to commit a bomb plot.

The defense attorneys objected to the admission of this evidence, claiming it was irrelevant and prejudicial.

The court, after a brief recess, ruled in favor of the prosecution, allowing the evidence to be presented to the jury.

The trial is expected to continue for several more days, with the jury expected to return a verdict by the end of the month.

The case has attracted considerable public attention due to the serious nature of the charges and the high profile of the defendant.

The court's decision today is seen as a significant development in the case, potentially strengthening the prosecution's position.

The jury will now hear the testimony of the witnesses and consider the evidence presented to them.

The case is expected to be a major trial of the year, with many eyes watching the proceedings.

The court will continue to oversee the trial, ensuring that all legal procedures are followed.

The defense will continue to challenge the prosecution's case, but the court's ruling today may make their task more difficult.

The trial is expected to conclude by the end of the month, with the jury returning a verdict.

The case has significant implications for the legal system and the public's understanding of conspiracy charges.

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Official News

THE BATTLES

Take Le Prie's Farm on the Somme Front.

Reports the Repulse of Attacks in West.

Situation Unchanged According to London.

(BY ATLANTIC CABLE AND A. P.)

LONDON, Sept. 14, 3 p.m.—On the Somme front the French have captured the village of Le Prie's Farm, a strategic position on the main line of communication.

The capture of this village is a significant victory for the French, as it has been a long-standing German stronghold.

The British and French forces have been fighting hard to take this position, and their success today is a morale booster.

The situation on the Somme front remains unchanged, with both sides holding their positions.

The French have also captured several other small villages in the area, but the main battle remains in a stalemate.

The German forces have been repulsed in several attacks, but they are still holding their main positions.

The British forces have also been successful in several smaller engagements, but the overall situation remains unchanged.

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MUTT and JEFF—Perhaps Jeff was Right at That.

By BUD FISHER.



MARSHALL IS NOTIFIED AND FIREWORKS BURNED.

(BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.)

INDIANAPOLIS, Sept. 14.—Vice-President Thomas R. Marshall was notified tonight of his nomination for President of the Democratic ticket, and formally accepted the honor. The ceremony was the third of the kind to be held in Indianapolis within the last few weeks. The other two nominations were for J. Frank Hanly, the Prohibition Presidential candidate, and Charles W. Fairbanks, Republican Vice-Presidential nominee.

President-elect Woodrow Wilson, who is in the White House, was also notified of his nomination for President of the Democratic ticket, and formally accepted the honor. The ceremony was the third of the kind to be held in Indianapolis within the last few weeks. The other two nominations were for J. Frank Hanly, the Prohibition Presidential candidate, and Charles W. Fairbanks, Republican Vice-Presidential nominee.

The ceremony was held at the residence of the Vice-President, and was attended by a large number of guests. The Vice-President, in his acceptance speech, expressed his confidence in the Democratic ticket and his belief in the success of the party.

BIRD RESERVATION IS THREATENED.

DAKE MALHEUR HAVEN LIKELY TO BE DESTROYED.

WASHINGTON BUREAU OF THE TIMES, Sept. 14.—The destruction of one of the largest, if not the largest, Federal bird reservation in the United States is threatened, according to an announcement made here today, by T. Gilbert Pearson of New York City, secretary of the National Association of Audubon Societies.

The reservation, known as the Dake Malheur Haven, is located in the southeastern part of Oregon, and is a large area of land set aside for the protection of birds. It is one of the largest bird reservations in the United States.

Pearson's announcement is that the reservation is threatened by the proposed construction of a dam on the Malheur River, which would flood the reservation and destroy the birds that live there.

WOMEN'S STOMACH TROUBLES

The Great Woman's Medicine Often Just What Is Needed.

We are so used to thinking of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound as a remedy exclusively for female ailments that we are apt to overlook the fact that it is one of the best remedies for disorders of the stomach.

The stomach troubles of women it is especially adapted, as it works in complete harmony with the female organism, since it contains the extracts of the best tonic roots and herbs. It tones up the digestive system, and increases the appetite and strength. Here is what one woman writes showing what this medicine has done for her.

Newfield, N. Y.—"I am so pleased to say I can recommend Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound as an economical and beneficial remedy in most ailments pertaining to women. At least I found it so by only taking two bottles. I had indigestion in a bad form and I am now feeling in the best of health and owe it all to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound."

Many women suffer from "all gas feeling" and "feel so faint," while doing their work. Ten chances to one their digestive system is all out of order. A tablespoonful of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound after each meal should completely remedy this condition in a few days.

LOS ANGELES MILITARY ACADEMY

A select boarding and day school for those who appreciate the best. Boys receive special attention and have their residence in separate building. The course of study includes Primary, Grammar, and High School, and is designed to prepare students for Business, Law, Government and Technical Schools of the highest grade. For Catalogue and Prospectus, send for it. Twenty acres; Country Life and City Advantages. Small Boys 50¢. Large Boys \$1.00. Tuition free. Boarding \$1.00. Room \$1.00. Bath \$1.00. Laundry \$1.00. Postage \$1.00. Total \$1.00. Address: Los Angeles, Cal.

San Diego Army and Navy Academy

One who has a strong body, a clear mind, and, above all, a clean heart, one who is courteous to old and young and respectful to father and mother; one who has kept his soul sweet. Parents, to get such results as these is the greatest work in the world—and these are some of the things which my school is emphasizing. The highest recognition from the Government and from Universities have been secured in less than six years' time, but I have not yet reached my own ideal. But I am working earnestly and enthusiastically to make it such a school in which you can gladly entrust your boy, as many loyal patrons have been doing.

Thos. A. Davis, Sup't. Lake Capt. 8th U.S.V. Inf'y. Pacific Beach, Cal.

WILSON MAKES PLANS FOR PRESENT CAMPAIGN.

(BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.)

LONG BRANCH (N. J.) Sept. 14.—President Wilson today for the first time gave detailed consideration to his campaign for re-election. In the executive offices at Asbury Park he went over reports from political leaders in various States and began mapping out his plans for the next two months.

Postmaster-General Burleson, one of Mr. Wilson's chief political advisers, was present at the conference. The President, who is in the White House, is expected to announce his campaign plans in the near future.

HOPE OF FLOATING BEAR IMMEDIATELY GIVEN UP.

(BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.)

EUREKA (Cal.) Sept. 14.—Hope of immediately floating the Bear, which went ashore on the night of June 14, on Sugar Loaf reef on the Mendocino coast with the loss of five lives, has practically been given up by the salvaging crew, it was announced here today.

Those engaged in the work of salvaging the ship are still working on the reef, but the chances of success are now very small.

SKIN DISEASES SOON YIELD TO RESINOL

If you have eczema, ringworm or similar itching, burning, unsightly skin eruptions, try Resinol Ointment and Resinol Soap and see how quickly the itching stops and the trouble disappears, even if it is a severe, stubborn case. Resinol Ointment is also an excellent household remedy for pimples, dandruff, sores, burns, wounds, chafes, and for a score of other uses where a soothing, healing application is needed.

Resinol Ointment and Resinol Soap are absolutely free from anything harsh or injurious and can therefore be used freely for babies' skin troubles. Doctors have prescribed the Resinol treatment for over twenty years.

Resinol Soap improves poor complexions. Resinol Ointment and Resinol Soap are sold by all druggists. For sampling, free, write to Dept. 51-R, Resinol, Baltimore, Md.

FREE TO ASTHMA SUFFERERS

A New Home Cure That Always Cures Without Stomach or Lung Trouble.

We have a New Method that cures Asthma, and we want you to try it at our expense. No matter whether your case is of long-standing or recent development, whether it is present as Hay Fever or chronic Asthma, it would save you a free trial of our method. No matter in what climate you live, or how long you have suffered, our method should relieve you permanently.

We especially want to try it in those apparently hopeless cases where all forms of inhalers, douches, and other preparations have failed. We want to show everyone at our own expense, that this is a new and a free method that can be used by all, and that it is a free method that can be used by all, and that it is a free method that can be used by all.

THE WILSHIRE SCHOOL FOR GIRLS

424 E. Normandie Avenue, will reopen October 1. Academic, College Preparatory, Intermediate and Primary Departments. Outdoor study. Modern methods. Day Session. Principals: Miss L. C. Pirtle.

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POINTERS FOR THE WINE MEN.

FEDERAL OFFICIAL ANALYZES LAW FOR INTERESTED.

Producers and Wholesalers Must Immediately Furnish Internal Revenue Department with Inventory of Stock on Hand—Tax Rate by Alcoholic Contents.

Collector Carter of the Internal Revenue Department yesterday sent out a circular of information to winemakers and dealers on the new wine schedule as adopted in the bill recently passed by Congress.

The circular states that under the law approved last Saturday, it is necessary for all producers and dealers, other than retail dealers, to prepare a return covering the period from the 9th to 30th inst., inclusive, which should be sent to the collector before October 1. The statement should show, the circular states, the quantity of wine, etc.

FREE TO ASTHMA SUFFERERS

A New Home Cure That Always Cures Without Stomach or Lung Trouble.

We have a New Method that cures Asthma, and we want you to try it at our expense. No matter whether your case is of long-standing or recent development, whether it is present as Hay Fever or chronic Asthma, it would save you a free trial of our method. No matter in what climate you live, or how long you have suffered, our method should relieve you permanently.

We especially want to try it in those apparently hopeless cases where all forms of inhalers, douches, and other preparations have failed. We want to show everyone at our own expense, that this is a new and a free method that can be used by all, and that it is a free method that can be used by all, and that it is a free method that can be used by all.

THE WILSHIRE SCHOOL FOR GIRLS

424 E. Normandie Avenue, will reopen October 1. Academic, College Preparatory, Intermediate and Primary Departments. Outdoor study. Modern methods. Day Session. Principals: Miss L. C. Pirtle.

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BIG BALBOA DRY DOCK IS FINALLY COMPLETED.

(A. P. FOREIGN CORRESPONDENCE.)

PANAMA, Sept. 14.—The virtual completion of the new 1908-foot dry dock at Balboa, in connection with the dock is 1900 feet long, and the 435,000-ton coaling plant at Cristobal, are important steps in the militarization of the canal and making it an important naval base. The dry dock and the coaling plant are now in operation, although further work is necessary to bring them to completion. They have both been under construction for the past few weeks, passing through the Canal, and the navy cranes, which have been stationed at the Atlantic entrance since the last German crisis, is now being overhauled and given extensive repairs in the dry dock.

The dry dock is 1900 feet long by 110 feet wide, having the same dimensions as the chambers of the locks. It will accommodate the largest ships in the world, and even at this stage of completion has handled one vessel drawing thirty-three feet of water. It has a depth over the blocks of thirty-five feet mean tide, or forty-five feet at high tide. It is an integral part of the terminal ships and facilities. Together they can do practically any sort of ship repair work.

The new coaling plant at Cristobal, which has an emergency storage capacity of nearly 500,000 tons, which may be increased indefinitely in connection with land storage alongside the plant, has been designed with special regard to naval uses. Its ability to deliver 3000 tons of coal

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THE CITY

AND ENVIRONS.

EVENTS BRIEFLY TOLD

Postponed Meeting.—The meeting of the Twin City Club that was to have been held this evening in the Times Assembly Hall has been postponed until the third Friday in October.

To Have a Banquet.—Oriental Chapter, No. 254, Order of Eastern Star, will give a banquet and chicken dinner Tuesday afternoon and evening in the basement of the Masonic Temple, corner of Pine and Placencia streets.

On Festivals Subject.—Mrs. Mary Kerney and Mrs. Mary Jenkins will speak on "What the Unfranchised Women Owe to Those Who Franchise Them" at the meeting of the Los Angeles Central W.C.T.U. at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon at No. 261 North Broadway.

One Month's Work.—More than 1200 animals were examined and looked after during August, according to a report issued yesterday by the Los Angeles Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals. There were also fifty warnings and restraining orders during the month.

Red Cross.—**BUS VICTIM DIES.**—A Swedish woman remains unconscious from time of accident. Charge Against Driver will Probably be Changed to Manslaughter.

Swedish Woman Remains Unconscious from Time of Accident.—Charge Against Driver will Probably be Changed to Manslaughter.

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CELESTINS

VICHY

Natural Alkaline Water

Used at meals prevents Dyspepsia and relieves Gout, Indigestion and Urlic Acid.

Ask your Physician

RELIEVES THE ENNU.

Quiet Day Around Federal Building

It being a rather quiet day at the Federal Building yesterday another suit was brought by the government involving alleged oil lands in the Kern Valley country. The defendants are the Pioneer Midway Oil Company, American Oil Fields Company and the Midland Oil Fields Company.

The land is described as a north-south quarter and the northeast quarter of section 18, township 31, south, range 23, east, and it is alleged that the land is worth more than \$120,000.

The suit is one of the brother and sister causes pending in which the United States government is plaintiff, and involving the legality of the withdrawal from the date mentioned; that the defendants are enjoined from withdrawing from all forms of entry by an executive order, and developed the same, taking therefrom large sums of money.

The prayer of the complaint is that the land be held as having been withdrawn on the date mentioned; that the defendants be enjoined from asserting any claim to the property, and that a receiver be appointed and an accounting had.

ALLEGED INFRINGEMENT.—The Curtis Olive Corporation, doing business in packing and preserving olives at Bloomington, brought an action in the United States District court yesterday, September 12, 1916, to enjoin the defendants from using a trademark similar to theirs, and for damages.

The complaint alleges that the defendants are using a trademark similar to theirs, and for damages.

BUSINESS BRIEVITIES.—(Continued.)

St. Catherine's School, resident and day school preparing for the Marist, St. Catherine's College and St. Catherine's High School, will reopen on October 2, at Mrs. John D. Hooker's residence, No. 312 West Adams street, near the Grand avenue car line. The Italian garden will afford ideal out-of-door schoolrooms and playgrounds for the school.

Miss Ida B. Lindley will reopen the Marlborough Preparatory School, No. 424 West Adams street, opposite Chester place, Tuesday, September 12, 1916. The principal will be at the school daily from 10 to 4, or by appointment. Kathryn Monteville-Cock's School of Music reopens Tuesday, September 12th, 2615 South Figueroa street. Telephone 31574.

Roofs—Roofs—Roofs are needed all over the city. It is the time to prepare; call Weaver Roof Co., 229-241 East 2nd St., 22955 or 241st. 784; manufacturers of roofing and waterproofing; roof repairs.

For quick action drop answers to Times "liners" in Times liner boxes in downtown office buildings. Locations of the boxes are printed in the first column of the Times "liner" section.

The Times Branch Office, No. 510 South Spring street. Advertisements and subscriptions taken.

Orange County Table Water shipped fresh daily, 1 gallon 40c. Main 2229, 12022.

Frank D. Bonoff, Furrier, ready to wear, removed 74, 75 & 76, 25411. Currier feather hats at Carver's, 723 South Broadway.

Finest photographs, Biocolor studio.

and the Worst is Yet to Come

SMITH'S

WALTER E. SMITH CO.

\$50 REWARD

For Drunkenness

EAT

Myer Siegel & Co.

443-445-447 South Broadway

Fitting Corsets

Think of being able to get a corset that actually fits, that accents your best lines, without great trouble.

Yet that's exactly what you may expect of us.

Women who know the great importance of the right corset will probably find it possible to get what they deem the secret of present style between \$8.50 and \$9. Few women need to pay more.

For those who can slip into an inexpensive corset comfortably

There is one at \$1.50

gives as general satisfaction as any corset made.

THE UNIQUE

"Individualized Tailleur Suits"

—to express the personality of the well-dressed woman.

The fabrics named are often combined with handsome furs.

Bolivia English Velour, Barilla Satin, Velvet, Vicuna, Cachemire.

Chellique

\$10 Watches

THOS. B. CLARK

Rhoades & Rhoades

REED & HAMMOND

Another famous ITALIAN SWISS COLONY PRODUCT

TIPO

For Drunkenness

Keeley

EAT

For Drunkenness

Keeley

EAT

For Drunkenness

BLISTERS BURNED AND ITCHED

Face, Ears and Neck Covered. Could Not Sleep at Night. In Two Weeks Blisters All Gone.

HEALED BY CUTICURA SOAP AND OINTMENT

"My trouble first began with a few blisters on my nose. No matter what I put on them seemed to be more, until my whole face, ears, and neck were covered. They burned and itched terribly and I could not sleep at night."

"I tried many salves but none helped until I tried Cuticura Soap and Ointment. I used them four times a day and in less than two weeks the blisters were all gone and I was healed." (Signed) Wm. J. Winchester, Box 78, Sundance, Wyo., Jan. 3, 1916.

Sample Each Free by Mail

With 32-p. Skin Book on the treatment of the skin and scalp. Address post card: "Cuticura, Dept. T, Boston." Sold by druggists and dealers throughout the world.

AT Brauer & Co.

Two Spring St. Stores

345-347 and 529-527

Teeth \$5.00

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VITAL RECORD.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

The following marriage licenses were issued yesterday:

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PUBLISHERS:
THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY.
 H. C. OYER, President and General Manager.
 HARRY CHANDLER, Asst. Gen. Mgr. and Treas.
 J. A. WATKINS, Asst. Treas.
 MARY OTIS-CHANDLER, Vice-Pres. and Secy.

Los Angeles Times
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 Daily and Sunday, Illustrated Weekly and Semi-Weekly.
 11 Cents, Postpaid, Daily. 10 Cents, Postpaid, Semi-Weekly.
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 New Times Building, First and Broadway.
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 Registered at the Postoffice as second class matter of Class II.

FOR PRESIDENT
 Charles Evans Hughes of New York
FOR VICE-PRESIDENT
 Charles Warren Fairbanks of Indiana

TREND OF THE FINANCIAL NEWS.

CHIEF EVENTS OF YESTERDAY.
 (At Home:) The New York stock market yesterday was erratic and dealings amounted to an enormous total. In the final dealings prices firmed away. Money continued abundant in the East and there is a scarcity of labor.
 (Abroad:) The Entente allies are hanging together well, both financially and in the military sense, according to a statement made to the French Deputies yesterday.

THE ANGELS ARE SOARING.

After having their wings clipped, we note with pleasure and pride that the Angels have grown new feathers and are again soaring at a comfortable height in the league. If somebody would only throw the tail-enders out, the Oaklanders who are tucked away down in the list, it looks as though Los Angeles could steal the pennant without much trouble.

DANIELS DEFIES DEFEAT.

Secretary Daniels is a cheerful loser and, like Casio, he is "a great arithmetician." He figures that a Republican majority in Maine of 10,000 "shows a Republican swing to Wilson." He estimates the number of anti-Wilsonians who, being refused admission to the ark, said to Noah: "Well, go along with your old bathtub; it isn't going to be much of a shower, anyhow."

LABOR-UNIONISM IN CHINA.

Labor-unionism, with the strike and the boycott, has existed in China since the days of Gheung Kahn, but it does not appear that it has advanced the condition of the Chinese laborers, although it has been instrumental in preventing Chinese capital from investing in industrial development. The wheelbarrow is still the principal means of transport in China, and factory organization is as rare as the use of factory machinery is infrequent.

HIGH-PRICED HORSES.

August Belmont of New York is a horse trader as well as a banker and a politician. He sold Friar Rock to John E. Madden for \$50,000. Friar Rock is not, as his name might imply, a priest all shaven and shorn. He is a "horse" with a pedigree. His mother was Fairy Gold and his wife was Rock Sand, who four years ago was sold by Mr. Belmont for \$150,000. For Tracery, another son of Rock Sand, Belmont has refused \$300,000. Tracery does not race now, but occupies his time in assuming the function of parentage.

HINDENBURG AND PEACE.

The British papers are predicting that Germany will make overtures for peace now that Hindenburg has been appointed Chief of the German Staff; but the logic is rather vague by which they arrive at the conclusion that Germany will sue for peace after giving the supreme command of the army to her most successful general. And it is rather curious to remember that some years before the war the German General Staff had put Hindenburg on the shelf as superseded.

WALK, DARN YOU.

Efficiency is the motto of the Wilkes-Barre (Pa.) street car strikers. They have raised the flag of compulsory pedestrianism for everybody from bankers to beggars. Mayor Goodrich of Wilkes-Barre secured the passage of an ordinance preventing the operation of jitneys in the streets, and the labor leaders encouraged the upsetting of autos and the beating of chauffeurs on the ground that the reprehensible owners of these vehicles were infringing the sacred rights of union labor to compel people to walk.

THE WHIFFEN-KUCK FIASCO.

The Whiffen-Kuck Mayoralty scandal is dying a natural death because Mr. Whiffen says "You did" and Mr. Kuck says "I didn't," and there were no witnesses to the alleged offer to sell the office of Mayor for a couple of thousand. And at this time it seems pertinent to call attention to the fact that Los Angeles seems to have a political scandal of some kind with a great deal more frequency than it is pleasant to contemplate. And while we have no affection for Mr. Kuck—very much dislike his attitude and record, in fact—we think that Mr. Whiffen should have had something tangible upon which to base his charge of bribery before kicking up the scandal he did.

STRAUSS'S NEW OPERA.

Sandwiched in between war dispatches came the news from Germany that Richard Strauss has completed the score for a new opera, "The Woman Without a Shadow." Its production will be awaited with interest among musicians; for in his recent works Strauss has shown a tendency to return to his earlier, more conservative forms and to abandon the "wild poles" that has so offended the lovers of classic music. But one thing that many critics and some musicians have ignored in connection with Strauss is that, though he has made various experiments and wide departures from the conservative forms, he is a thorough musician and has devoted long years of study to the masters before he attempted the innovations that caused such an uproar in musical circles.

PROSPECTS OF A PEACE LEAGUE.

The American League to Enforce Peace does not include in its purposes any attempt to stop the present European war. It aims only to prevent future conflicts after the present struggle shall have terminated. It holds that, no matter whether the allies or the central powers shall prevail in the present terrific contest, the devastation and misery already wrought and hereafter to be wrought will incline the people of all nations to join in a league to prevent the outbreak of another war.

"The nations of the world today," wrote A. Lawrence Lowell in the Atlantic Monthly, "are in much the position of frontier settlements in America before orderly government was set up. The men there work in the mine, well disposed, but in the absence of an authority that could enforce order, each man, feeling no other security from attack, carried arms, which he was prepared to use if danger threatened. The first step, when affairs became unbearable, was the formation of a vigilance committee, supported by the enrollment of all good citizens, to prevent men from shooting one another and to punish offenders." In California in the older days men did not wait for a gradual improvement by the preaching of higher ethics and a better civilization. They felt that violence must be met by force and, when the show of force was strong enough, violence ceased. In time the vigilance committee was replaced by the policeman and by the sheriff, with the posse comitatus. The policeman and the sheriff maintain order because they have the bulk of the community behind them, and no country has yet reached, or is likely for an indefinite period to reach, such a state of civilization that it can wholly dispense with the police.

In the article from which we quote Mr. Lowell says:

"Treaties for the arbitration of international disputes are good. They have proved an effective method of settling questions that would otherwise have bred ill-feeling without directly causing war; but when passion runs high, and deep-seated interests or sentiments are at stake, there is need of the sheriff with his posse to enforce the obligation. There are, no doubt, differences in the conception of justice and right, divergences of civilization, so profound that people will fight over them and face even the prospect of disaster in war rather than submit. Yet even in such cases it is worth while to postpone the conflict, to have a public discussion of the question at issue before an impartial tribunal and thus give to the people of the countries involved a chance to consider, before hostilities begin, whether the risk and suffering of war are really worth while. No sensible man expects to abolish wars altogether, but we ought to seek to reduce the probability of war as much as possible. It is on these grounds that the suggestion has been put forth of a league of nations to enforce peace."

The American League of Peace proposes, first, that before resorting to arms the members of the league shall submit disputes with one another, if justiciable, to an international tribunal; second, that in like manner they shall submit questions such as cannot be decided on the basis of strict international law to an international council of men above national prejudices and thus give to the people of the countries involved a chance to consider, before hostilities begin, whether the risk and suffering of war are really worth while. No sensible man expects to abolish wars altogether, but we ought to seek to reduce the probability of war as much as possible. It is on these grounds that the suggestion has been put forth of a league of nations to enforce peace."

The kernel of the proposal, the feature in which it differs from other plans, lies in the third point, obliging all the members of the league to declare war on any member violating the pact of peace. This is the provision that provokes both adherence and opposition; and at first it certainly gives one a shock that a people should be asked to pledge itself to go to war over a quarrel which is not of its making, in which it has no interest and in which it may believe that substantial justice lies on the other side. If, indeed, the nations of the earth could maintain complete isolation, could pursue each its own destiny without regard to the rest, if they were not affected by a war between two others or liable to be drawn into it; if, in short, there were no overlapping of peace, the provision would be intolerable. It would be as bad as the liability of an individual to take part in the posse comitatus of a community with which he had nothing in common. But in every civilized country the public force is employed to prevent any man, however just his claim, from vindicating his own right with his own hand instead of going to law; and every citizen is bound, when needed, to assist in the maintenance of order, which is the only way to restrain private war, and the maintenance of order is of paramount importance for everyone. Surely the family of nations has a like interest in restraining war between states."

PASSING OF THE ADVOCATE.

Samuel Untermyer, who is recognized as a leading member of the New York bar, mourns the absence of great advocates. He said:

"Charles O'Connor, William M. Evans, William A. Beach, James G. Carter, Joseph H. Choate, Francis X. Bunn, John K. Porter and William Fullerton were national figures and names to conjure with in my early days, and solely by reason of their reputations as advocates at the bar of justice. None of them was a money-maker or a business man. Most of them died poor and some of them penniless. All this is now changed. We have nothing to compare with them today. Advocacy is with us almost an extinct art. The work in the courts is regarded as a necessary evil of the practice."

Nowadays it is rare to find an advocate at the head of or connected with a great metropolitan law firm. The flower of the bar in the great cities have been seduced by the temptations of business and money-making from the proud position once held by the leading advocates.

Mr. Untermyer says that this is not due to a declining love of lawyers for their profession. It is because the courts are too busy and there is a lessening relative importance to the controversial side of the law.

The influence of the lawyer is waning because he is often too much inclined to permit his views on public affairs to be moulded by the interests he represents. He has no right to allow the source of his

If He Had His Way!



retainers to blind him to his duties as a citizen.

Mr. Untermyer pays his respects to the corporations as follows:

"Our corporation laws are without exception the loosest, most unjust and inadequate ever enacted. They are a disgrace to which any civilized nation is or ever was afflicted. They are a snare to the investor, minorities are helpless, they offer a premium upon dishonesty and furnish the safest and most fruitful field to the criminally-disposed exploiter for the practice of fraud and oppression upon the public. Every safeguard that other countries have devised about their citizens has been rejected by us. From the birth to the death of the corporation the system is utterly wrong and designedly so. It is the creature of the long line of powerful men (under the guidance of their clever advisers) who framed the legislation to serve the ends of the financial buccaner to the exclusion of the public protection."

The "law's delay" are, as in Shakespeare's day, a source of loss and annoyance to litigants. The codes of both civil and criminal procedure need simplification and reformation. What between demurrers and motions to quash and motions to strike out and motions for a continuance and motions in arrest of judgment and motions for judgment non obstante veredicto and motions for a new trial and appeals and petitions for a rehearing it is a long, a wearisome and a costly road between the beginning and the end of a lawsuit.

KEEP US OUT OF WAR.

Has President Wilson kept us out of war? This is what Secretary Lansing said about it in his letter to Carranza of recent date:

"The progress of the revolution in Mexico. Continuous bloodshed and disorders have marked its progress. For three years the Mexican republic has been torn with civil strife; the lives of Americans and other aliens have been sacrificed; vast properties developed by American capital and enterprise have been destroyed or rendered unproductive; bandits have been permitted to roam at will through the territory contiguous to the United States and have, without punishment or without effective attempt at punishment, the property of Americans, while the lives of citizens of the United States who ventured to remain in Mexican territory or to return there to protect their interests have been taken, and in some cases barbarously taken, and the murders have neither been apprehended nor brought to justice. It would be difficult to find in the annals of the history of Mexico conditions more deplorable than those which have existed there during these recent years of civil war. It would be tedious to recount instances after instance, outrage after outrage, atrocity after atrocity, to illustrate the true nature and extent of the widespread conditions of lawlessness and violence which have prevailed. During the past nine months in particular the frontier of the United States along the lower Rio Grande has been thrown into a state of constant apprehension and turmoil because of frequent and sudden incursions into American territory and depredations and murders on American soil by Mexican bandits who have taken the lives and destroyed the property of American citizens, sometimes carrying American citizens across the international boundary with the booty seized. American garçons have been attacked at night, American soldiers killed and their equipment and horses stolen; American ranches have been raided, property stolen and destroyed, and American trains wrecked and plundered. The attacks on Brownsville, Red House Ferry, Progreso postoffice and Las Palomas, all occurring during September last, are typical. In these attacks on American

territory Carranzistas adherents and even Carranzistas soldiers took part in the looting, burning and killing. Not only were these murders characterized by ruthless brutality, but unprovoked acts of mutilation were perpetrated. "Representations were made to Gen. Carranza, and he was emphatically requested to stop these reprehensible acts in a section which he has long claimed to be under the complete domination of his authority. Notwithstanding these representations and the promise of Gen. Carranza to prevent such acts along the international boundary, in the following month of October a passenger train was wrecked by bandits and several persons killed seven miles north of Brownsville, and an attack was made upon United States troops at the same place several days later. Since these attacks leaders of the bandits well known both to Mexican civil and military authorities as well as to American officials have been enjoying with impunity the liberty of the towns of Northern Mexico. So far has the indifference of the de facto government to these atrocious crimes increased that these leaders have received not only the protection of that government, but encouragement and aid as well.

"Depredations upon American persons and property within Mexican jurisdiction have been still more numerous."

A BRITISH PROTECTIVE TARIFF.

A news that the trades unions of Great Britain have passed a resolution at their recent Birmingham congress, the home of the late Joseph Chamberlain, who dedicated his life to the tariff reform movement and the abolition of free trade, in endorsing a strong protective-tariff policy for Great Britain after the war, is in the nature of a right about turn for that organization. It was the support of the trades unions which held the British government so firmly to the old free-trade policy in spite of the annual evidence of its weakness.

The British trades unions have doubtless seen the light during the commercial crisis engendered by the war; they perceive that it is small comfort to buy cheap in times of peace if one cannot earn the wherewithal to pay, and that in times of war prices soar in any case, while but a few trades can increase in wages. They have seen British jobs supremacy in a hundred departments of manufacture through the false free-trade policy and they have witnessed the prosperity and amazing growth of their protected rivals.

Under a protective tariff the consumer may pay a few cents more for his commodities, but he can earn many cents more to purchase them with and insure the future against unemployment. Under free trade Britain experienced a depressing succession of hunger marches in trade after trade which well nigh reached revolution and civil war.

This country has had the opportunity to witness a practical object lesson in the folly of free trade, which doubtless accounts for the dallying with a protective tariff, "the revision" of the drastic free list which the Democrats are so hastily contemplating as election time nears. But for the war orders this country would surely have experienced those same hunger marches, those same terrifying unemployment troubles which beset England on the eve of the crisis. As it is, the administration is hard put to it to make up the appalling deficit in the treasury for which its free-trade policy is responsible. We have barely escaped the institution of stamp duties which only a country carrying on an extravagant war would consider necessary.

The per capita wealth of the United States is \$2900. Have you succeeded in collecting yours?

AMERICAN BUSINESS AFTER TWO YEARS OF WAR.

When the business historian casts up the income account of the United States for the two-year period following the outbreak of the world's greatest war, remarks a writer in The Annalist (New York) "he will have to leave much white space on the right; but on the left side, where the gains are set down, it will be a closely-written sheet." And these, he says, are some of the things that will make it so:

"An adverse trade balance turned where it favored the balance, despite the expansion of imports to record figures."

"The volume of home trade swelled proportionately as much, or more than our foreign trade."

"A flood of gold from abroad, where normally there is an export balance against us, though we have taken back American securities formerly placed in Europe and made loans to foreign powers to an aggregate of perhaps \$2,000,000,000—the beginning of an evolution from a debtor to a creditor nation."

"Increased as to leave a safe margin against any emergency which might develop after all of the extraordinary demands attending record business volume has been satisfied."

"Industrial depression changed to activity unparalleled, and manufacturers still unable to meet the tremendous demand."

"The state of employment reversed from a serious problem in unemployment to an acute labor shortage, with jobs enough for all and to spare."

"High prices, largely compensatory from the workman's point of view by high wages, and resultant large profits."

"Commercial mortality at a low ebb and trading still lower."

"Mining boomed as it never did before."

"Rural communities enriched by high prices for big crops, save only where King Cotton holds sway, and prosperity at last established even there."

"Fat instead of lean for those interested in investment and speculation."

"Railroad earnings attaining new peaks with the passing of each month."

"The birth of new industries, producing industrial essentials at home and insuring economic independence."

"The extension of American banking to foreign fields in which we were not represented before the war."

"A revival of American shipping with the prospect of a real American merchant marine once more."

RIPLING RHYMES.

CHARLES AND I.

I met Charles Hughes in Estes Park, where large and rocky mountains be; and I shall treasure each remark that this great man addressed to me. The gems of thought from great men's lips are pearls we should treasure, and which, alas, the passing years scotch the observations of the wise. "I shall be glad when summer's ceased," he said; "the heat has been a strain; but as the wind is in the east, and I predict we'll soon have rain. In May and June it rained too much, and then the stage of drought began; wheat shriveled at the hot winds' touch, and corn appears as an also ran. The talk of issues never stops, and issues off have little worth; I think the weather and the crops are all that count for much on earth. If we have rain when rain's desired, and sunshine when such shine we need, man gets all things he has desired, and all our theories run to seed. In politics the wisest will be wiser; his problem vanishes, then they pass; give us a million-dollar rain, and nothing else will cut much grass."

Chemistry, Parnell's Avocation.

There is a good story of Parnell's detachment of mind. When the forged letters in the London Times were sending the House of Commons into the wildest excitement, Parnell came up to Heaton and said he had just heard that some tons of earth and beam sawdust to Henshaw Heaton as specimens of the mountains of gold just discovered in Western Australia. Heaton admitted it and gave the Irish leader about a wing-splashed of the crushing. Parnell was the spokesman of the settlement which he reappraised and sought Heaton in the lobby, to report that he had analyzed the specimen and had found it yielded thirty-two ounces to the pound of gold and five ounces of silver. This was remarkable, for Heaton had just received the official report from Johnson & Matthey, the famous metallurgists, and their verdict was almost exactly the same. Parnell was genuinely pleased, and said he had been working hard at the specimen at his laboratory at Wicklow, so that while his party and the whole of Ireland were in a state of the wildest consternation about him and his future, the "Uncrowned King" was quietly pottering with a chemical analysis!

Making Paper Flame-proof.

A liquid that resists the action of fire and water and renders all inflammable materials absolutely fire-proof has been perfected in the pharmaceutical laboratories of the University of Iowa. When wood, cloth or paper is saturated with it and then dried, an insoluble mineral material is left in the cells of the fiber which makes combustion impossible. The drying may be spontaneous, or in the case of wood, may be done in a kiln. As a test, a block of wood which had been soaked in the new preparation and afterward dried resisted the flame of a Bunsen burner for one hour, whereas a similar block of untreated wood was burned to ashes in exactly nine minutes. The flame of a Bunsen burner gives a much greater heat than an ordinary fire, as not 70° Fahrenheit, but 1000° Fahrenheit.

Ida M. Tarbell announces that she will support Woodrow Wilson. Several other of the old ladies are.

National Editorial Service.

SOUTH AMERICA WILL REMAIN FRIENDLY.

CONTRIBUTED TO THE TIMES BY WILFRED H. SCHOFF.

A sequel involved in our dispute with Mexico, probably the most important result attending the misunderstanding are likely to be the effect it will have upon South American opinion of the United States.

South American opinion is important to us for several reasons—on account of our great and growing trade and, for the future, because of the very desirable tendency towards international co-operation in many grave matters as between the United States and the strongest and most advanced of the South American republics. There have been so many occasions when Brazil, especially and, in later years, the Argentine Republic and Chile have joined hands with us, and the future working out of the international understanding which we call the Monroe Doctrine depends largely on the continuance of this fellowship, that it is very important that any conflict with our Mexican neighbors should be based correctly upon our rights and our duties upon international law.

The Latin American, by his inheritance of the Roman law, is apt to lay greater stress on the fine points of international dealings and he may be inclined to time his decisions through technicalities of law rather than through inherent right. By instinct he is proud of his national sovereignty and very sensitive of anything that resembles trespass on it; and this sensitiveness seems, sometimes, keen in inverse proportion to the force available for its defense. The point of view was made clear in the international conference of the six nations which endeavored to compose the differences with Mexico that followed the incident of Vera Cruz.

No doubt our best friend in Latin America has been Brazil, whether as empire or republic a consistent supporter of the United States in its international difficulties. This was due at first to admiration of our ideas of political liberty and equality, and it continues today on grounds of national sentiment rather than because of the tremendous commerce that has grown up between the two countries. American friendship was shown during our war with Spain. Brazil willingly turned over two fine cruisers to President McKinley when our navy was supposed by some to be hardly equal for the job of Spain, and Brazil did that under conditions in South American affairs which called for no decrease of her strength as compared with that of her great neighbor to the south, with whose interests critical questions still unsettled.

The Argentine Republic, having its large commercial interests with England, has not been so close to the United States; but there was a tendency growing out of the struggle known as the War of the Pacific, thirty-five years ago, which drew her towards us in sympathy with the unfortunate republic of Bolivia and Peru, then suffering the invasion of Chilean armies. The disinterested course pursued by the United States in bringing about peace on the west coast, and the acute disagreement with Chile for many years over boundary and other matters, went far to create stronger bonds of sympathy between the Argentine Republic and the United States.

The attitude towards the South American balances of power, with Argentina, Bolivia and Peru on one side and with Chile, Brazil and Ecuador on the other has become almost obsolete by reason of the settlement of the long-standing boundary disputes and of other matters involving national honor. The joint action of the three strongest republics with the so-called A.B.C. conference was more than an expression of good will towards the United States. It was a practical instance of friendly co-operation between countries that had been raised more than once on opposite sides.

The hope and the highest purpose of American diplomacy is, of course, the elimination of all so-called questions of honor, the establishment of peace by peaceful means, and the arbitration which, some day, may even work towards a larger federation of the different republics; and the development generally of a sentiment of fraternity and cooperation on international questions such as to provide that joint influence shall be exerted against possible aggression, and that the sole responsibility of the United States as a protector of free institutions be converted into a Pan-American association having the same purpose.

Gen. Haig as a Schoolboy.

A recent number of the London weekly, Today, gave an account of Gen. Sir Douglas Haig, the Commander-in-Chief of the British forces in France. It speaks of him as the worthy successor of a line of "fighting Haigs," famous in Scottish history, for there were Haigs who copied themselves with glory on Bannockburn field six centuries ago. It recalled that Haigs were among the first to rally to the standard of bonnie Prince Charlie when he landed in the Hebrides in 1745 and that they fought bravely from "the glory of Culoden." Sir Douglas was credited as a member of the family. Five or six years ago, and in his school days at Clifton, where his father, a Scottish laird, sent him for education, "Duggy," as he was called, was much better at cricket and football than he was at school, a terror to the bullies, and the champion of the smaller boys. One of the most amiable and good-natured fellows, as straight as a gun and the very soul of frankness and candor.

Infantile paralysis is bad enough. It should not be made worse by referring to it as a plague. The disease is not 70° Fahrenheit, and the manner in which its activities are being reduced shows that substantial progress has been made in its eradication.

PEN POINT.

BY THE EDITOR.

The Maine troops sent to the border appear to have been shot.

In front of an automobile train is no place for the car and the hesitation.

A New York man sent a divorce, claiming that his needles in his soup.

Will President Wilson front porch at Shadow Lake? McKinley front porch was asst in 1894.

The statisticians who claim a woman could be elected next year was evidently not a female sex.

Next winter the colored blood will threaten unless Congress gives the United States mint.

Cut House isn't staying a footstep. He ought to have Texas for Wilson.

We sometimes imagine that any Governor if he would appear in a pig law.

When Russia and Japan turned back at the time to reach China it will require an entrance to an Equatorial.

Ninety thousand soldiers turned to their studies in the sales. Wonder how many dates in embryo for President?

The suspension of the Congressional Record was a tribute something toward the white paper famine.

The August Agnes day of 10 per cent. In the living in the United States, its pet pedal will be used in Democratic campaign.

Americans are first in the invention, but the man who came along who does not feel like substitute for bread.

For the "Six Man" Turkey is doing fairly well. It was claimed that he had had all sorts of staxia.

It might be of some use to the country that the rate-off in the proposed Danish West India for.

No doubt in his history President Wilson follows the line of Diarrhoe, whose practice English Parliament was to be "butting in" in the preceding election.

"I hold to the principle of a conviction as a crime." President Wilson's principle in the threatened strike but against its

A. B. Garretson, speaker of the railroad, has had other interview with President Wilson. He didn't want to be "butting in" in the can tribe, and do it "night."

Some folks will have sacrifices to make for no goods. The Whiffen-Kuck had for \$2,500,000. But what was the purpose?

Why should individual ration employers of employees be expected to pay while in France, when the States Government can afford to pay the balance of it in its own defense?

President Wilson's mother's son in his country duty in the way of money. Eric Raftley, the President's no active campaigning will send a lot of the other

The Democrats are They had hoped to interpret, it is when the Democrats are forgiven Charles Wilson.

The New York Times been approached in loan to Mexico was from President Wilson their money back. The opposition—some would be in favor of it.

The Republican means that the aggressive voters have been waiting for the due for the district Senator Johnson, Senate Finance Committee on standing. State Latin plan history of the United States in November.

"Be good!" men say. And when I saw a doted was a Till once I had a "Be good!" heart.

You wished that When men repeat good!" just as They're hoping, will see LANNIE BAKER.

And all your pen with BEN ON, the and from Washington Arms Union Metal

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DODGERS WIN, INCREASE LEAD.

Cheney Doubles in Ninth, Winning Game.

Grimes, Recruit, Heaves Very Nifty Ball.

Wheat Hits Safe in Twenty-seven Games.

(BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.)

BROOKLYN (N. Y.) Sept. 14.—Larry Cheney, Brooklyn pitcher, won his own game today from Pittsburgh when he doubled in the ninth with two out, scoring Olson with the run that beat the Pirates, 3 to 2. Grimes, a recruit from the Southern Association, held the Superbas to three hits in the first five innings but was reached for three singles and a triple in the sixth which gave Brooklyn two runs. The Pirates tied the score in the seventh on a single and a double and a triple. Wheat, who took second on Miller's error, then came Cheney's drive that sent home the winning run. Wheat got two hits making his twenty-seventh straight game without missing one or more hits. The score:

Brooklyn	Pittsburgh
1	0
2	0
3	0
4	0
5	0
6	1
7	1
8	0
9	1
Total	3

Score by innings.

Brooklyn	Pittsburgh
1	0
2	0
3	0
4	0
5	0
6	1
7	1
8	0
9	1
Total	3

Home run wins.

(BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.)

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 14.—Buckner's home run with the bases filled in the fifth gave St. Louis a 4-to-3 victory over Philadelphia today. The visitors hit Maier hard. Bender supplanted him in the sixth. Watson was too much for the home team at critical moments. Score:

St. Louis	Philadelphia
1	0
2	0
3	0
4	0
5	4
6	0
7	0
8	0
9	0
Total	4

Score by innings.

St. Louis	Philadelphia
1	0
2	0
3	0
4	0
5	4
6	0
7	0
8	0
9	0
Total	4

Giants win nine.

(BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.)

NEW YORK, Sept. 14.—New York won another game here today, defeating Cincinnati, 3 to 1, for its ninth straight victory. Tarsous held the visitors to seven hits while the home team, led by the Giants, enabled them to score on Moseley, who also pitched well. All of New York's runs were scored with two out and came after a double in the fourth. The Giants stole seven bases. The score:

New York	Cincinnati
1	0
2	0
3	0
4	0
5	0
6	1
7	0
8	0
9	0
Total	1

Score by innings.

New York	Cincinnati
1	0
2	0
3	0
4	0
5	0
6	1
7	0
8	0
9	0
Total	1

Wortman wins.

(BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.)

BOSTON, Sept. 14.—Chicago and Boston battled the inning without a score today, but in the eleventh inning Chicago won, 1 to 0.

Willard to fight again.

(BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.)

DETROIT (Mich.) Sept. 14.—Joe Willard, the heavy-weight king, has spoken the word which will bring joy to the hearts of sport followers all over the country and sorrow to the host of challengers which has been hounding the champion since he put his name to a circus contract. Here is the wire sent tonight to the Post-Intelligencer by Willard's manager, Tom Jones, who is on his way here: "You are authorized to announce that Joe Willard is open for matches as contract with circus closes soon. Tom Jones." Jones's telegram means that Willard is ready to receive propositions from promoters and clubs for a championship battle with any heavy-weight in the world. Willard's management has hitherto ignored all offers for bouts because of the iron-clad contract with Sells Floto Show. Joe Willard and his manager are expected to arrive in Seattle tomorrow.

Just So the Wife Doesn't Catch Him in a Social Error Mr. Wad is Satisfied.

(Copyright, 1916, by the Wheeler Syndicate, Inc.)



Now this is a very formal dinner. We're going to tonight and I don't want you to disgrace me by using the wrong fork and spoons. You watch me when each course is brought in and see which piece of silverware I use.

Gosh! I can't see the wife on account of that big center-piece and would you look at the tools! I believe see—do you begin on the inside and work out, or on the outside and work in?

Well, you did yourself proud tonight! I noticed you didn't have a half-dozen forks and spoons left over at the end of the meal like you usually do!

Yeah! I know what to do with them now!

P.S.—POCKETED SILVERWARE!

Heavy Hitting.

ANGEL TEAM WINS SLUGFEST.

"RUBBER" EVANS MEETS HIS FIRST DEFEAT.

Angels Outbats Bees Two to One in Second Battle—Maggert Leads off with Double—Chance Given Score in Ninth—Glasgow Makes Wooley Heave.

(BY DESERT WIRE—KELLOGG DISPATCH.)

SALT LAKE CITY, Sept. 14.—"Rubber" Evans lost his first game since becoming a Coast leaguer to the Angels this afternoon, 2 to 1. The former Spokane heaver was scarcely to blame for the defeat, however. Strangely enough, two former team-mates from the Northwest, Glasgow and Shelly, got him into most of his trouble. Glasgow's boot gave the Chance men two runs and a bad heave by Shelly, which hit Harry Wolter in the back, chalked up another illustration of how the horseshoe broke against the Bees came in the ninth when Harry Brief hit the top of the right-field fence with two on. The drive was foul by only a foot and checked but a few feet of going over. Shelly then hit the other fence. They're never over in this park until the last out is hung.

Again, the Angels were first to score. They started right out in the usual way with Maggert leading off with a hit—this time a double. Harry Wolter drove him in with a single.

Salt Lake got busy and annexed two in the third frame. With two down, Glasgow and Rath took a life in the fielders' choice. Brief's walk advanced them and Ryan's single sent both across.

Koerner's lead for Los Angeles in the fourth and Schults grounded to Glasgow for a double play made to order, but the Nick Williams protegee heaved the ball a mile over Orr's head and all hands were safe instead of out. McIlarry registered both with a single down the first base line, after which the next three men went out on easy infield chances.

Salt Lake also grabbed two in the fourth. Quinlan walked and Rayson singled, counting runs. The single brought in Quinlan and two infield outs scored Bayless.

Los Angeles went one run to the good in the seventh. Williams as a result of a fielder's choice with two down. Wolter straggled. Koerner singled, counting runs. Koerner stole second and Shelly made a tag to catch Wolter off third. Instead he hit Harry in the back and the ball rolled to the bleachers while the runner scored.

Wolter's single two infield outs and one-base blow by McIlarry gave the Seraphs another in the ninth.

Pete Standridge held like a stone wall from the fourth to the ninth, but in the final inning he had a narrow escape. Evans grounded out but Glasgow walked. Rath cracked one to right for two bases, putting Glasgow on third. Brief sent one to the top of the right-field fence for a foul and then went out. Davis to Koerner, while Glasgow scored. Ryan ended the affair by leading Ellis to the fence after a line drive. The score:

Los Angeles	Salt Lake
1	0
2	0
3	2
4	0
5	0
6	0
7	1
8	0
9	0
Total	3

Score by innings.

Los Angeles	Salt Lake
1	0
2	0
3	2
4	0
5	0
6	0
7	1
8	0
9	0
Total	3

Shocker stars.

(BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.)

DETROIT (Mich.) Sept. 14.—It was Shocker day here today and the New York recruit defeated Detroit 4 to 2. He allowed only five scattered hits. New York won the game in the seventh. With men at second and third and one out Walters bunted to Young. The latter had no chance for a play at the plate and Heilman, who had been drawn in by hitting, came to cover first. Miller scored on the bunt and Godson went home while Young raced to first to get Walters. The score:

New York	Detroit
1	0
2	0
3	0
4	0
5	0
6	0
7	4
8	0
9	0
Total	4

Score by innings.

New York	Detroit
1	0
2	0
3	0
4	0
5	0
6	0
7	4
8	0
9	0
Total	4

San Juan to reopen.

(BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.)

SAN JUAN, Sept. 13.—The fall meeting at the San Juan of the Lower California Jockey Club will open November 11, according to information received here today from James Coffroth, president, who is in New York.

Coffroth declares that 500 horses will be brought from the Atlantic Coast to take part in the meet, and the purse will be raised from \$350 to \$450 a race.

The Meadow Brook Polo Club has won the senior championship more times than any other club in the twenty-two years of its existence.

STANDINGS

PACIFIC COAST LEAGUE

Los Angeles, 20; San Francisco, 19; Portland, 18; Seattle, 17; Tacoma, 16; Olympia, 15; Everett, 14; Bellingham, 13; Everett, 12; Everett, 11; Everett, 10; Everett, 9; Everett, 8; Everett, 7; Everett, 6; Everett, 5; Everett, 4; Everett, 3; Everett, 2; Everett, 1.

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A Close Second.

News from Cities and Towns South of Thacheepi's Top—Los Angeles County Items

Best Reading
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DOUGHNUT TALE TOLD IN RHYME.
Pomona Housewife Prepares Doughnut for Special Benefit of Pomona Men.
POMONA, Sept. 14.—While Whittier may be the home of the champion doughnut maker, this place claims the distinction of having women who have been making the delicious confection for nearly 100 years, right in California, too. The Pomona club man, who hails from the East, evidently has never been in Pomona. The lines below were written by a local housewife for Mr. Wright's particular benefit. They are quite an addition to the doughnut literature of the day. After Mr. Wright reads them and he is able to survive the ordeal he is invited to hitch up his gasoline buggy and come down here and partake of a choice California "doughnut" dinner. The lines are written as follows:
Doughnuts rich,
Doughnuts good,
Doughnuts round,
Doughnuts big,
Doughnuts little,
Doughnuts nice,
Doughnuts brittle.
Doughnuts light,
Doughnuts dark,
Doughnuts made in Pomona.
Are out of sight.
Which proves that California housewives know something about poetry as well as doughnuts.
Pomona denies the charge of Mr. Wright that California women cannot make good doughnuts. There are plenty of women right here in Pomona who have the ability and the skill to make the very choicest of "binkies." In fact Pomona is getting ready to challenge Whittier and thus win the world's doughnut banner.
HUSBAND SHOTS HIS WIFE ACCIDENTALLY.
RIVERSIDE, Sept. 14.—Mrs. Hilda Throop, wife of Charles R. Throop of No. 1913 South Brighton street, Los Angeles, was instantly killed by the accidental discharge of a shotgun in the hands of her husband yesterday morning at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Throop of Glendale, near this city.
The couple were at a number of companions went out before breakfast to shoot doves, and on returning placed their loaded gun in the kitchen. Breakfast over, Throop's wife asked that the gun be removed. He started to take the gun from his gun, when his wife playfully interfered, telling him that he could not go out for more birds until he had wiped the dishes.
At this juncture one of the shells exploded, the load taking effect in the heart.
A jury empaneled by Charles Dickman brought in a verdict of accidental shooting.
Besides the husband, Mrs. Throop leaves a 1-year-old daughter, and a 3-year-old son, who is with her grandmother in Los Angeles.
GLENDALASKED TO HELP OUT THE CAUSE.
GLENDALASKED, Sept. 14.—The Glendale Chamber of Commerce has been asked to co-operate with the Los Angeles chamber in passing resolutions opposing the use of Silver Lake Falls and the Vining Creek Falls by corporations for water power.
This measure is made necessary by the fact that an eastern company with headquarters in Colorado is using the falls, and it is asserted, would smother the destruction of the two most picturesque falls outside of Yosemite Park, and the Chamber of Southern California is taking steps to prevent this. Silver Lake Falls is especially beautiful, having a sheer drop greater than that of Niagara, and is of great attraction to tourists, situated as it is on the "Tioga Road."
It is also proposed that the eastern line to Yosemite Park be moved a few miles to include the two falls and the children get in the place is being explained, other than some person must have placed them upon the return of their children.

SEARLES LAKE GIVEN BRITISH.
Judge Dewhurst Holds Against Oakland Promoter.
Company will Now Proceed to Make Potash.
Deposits are Said to be Worth Many Millions.
SAN BERNARDINO, Sept. 14.—That the California Trona Company is entitled to possession of 25,000 acres of potash deposits at Searles Lake, was the decision today of Judge H. T. Dewhurst in the famous litigation and warfare waged by Henry E. Lee of Oakland against the Trona company and its British backers. Lee is defeated on every point and is scored by Judge Dewhurst in his decision as the manipulator of dummy locations.
Searles Lake will soon begin to produce potash to be used in the manufacture of explosives for the European battlefields and to be used as fertilizer in the cotton fields of the Southern States. The Trona Company is completing the expenditure of about \$1,500,000 to open the potash fields. Soda and borax will be also produced.
The Trona company's ownership is subject only to the paramount right of the United States, says Judge Dewhurst. That the British control of the California Trona Company may become material in the consideration of the ultimate title of the California Trona Company by the United States government is the court's declaration. The lands are not yet patented.
Referring to Lee's statement he had contracted to sell his rights in the property, Judge Dewhurst declared: "This excuse, I must say, is one of the most flimsy, vacant and hollow ever submitted to the intelligence of a court of justice."
Attorneys on both sides of the action declared the chemical deposits at Searles Lake are worth \$150,000,000.
A case is pending in the government Land Office, Independence, Cal., in which the government seeks to revoke the locations of the Trona company.
In his decision today Judge Dew-

COLLISION WHEN THE LIGHTS WERE OUT.
VAN NUYS, Sept. 14.—A bunch of boys in an auto without headlights, a motorcycle without a light, a dark night and both sailing for all the gasoline was worth, in the matter of speed in opposite directions, had but one result—a collision upon Cahuenga road at 7 o'clock tonight. The automobile was driven by Peter Hufaker. With him were five boys. The machine turned turtle and not one of them were injured, although some of them were under the machine. Garland Lincoln, 17, was on the motorcycle and he was bruised, but not seriously hurt. He is in the Resolving Hospital.
DESTROYERS TAKEN OUT OF ACTIVE LIST.
SAN DIEGO, Sept. 14.—Orders placing in reserve all destroyers of the first division were received here today from the Navy Department. This will leave the Pacific Coast without a single destroyer in active service for the first time in many years. The vessels affected are the Paul Jones, Perry, Preble, Whipple, Truston, Hull, Hopkins and Stewart. It is reported that the department contemplates sending a flotilla of oil-burning destroyers to the Pacific Coast for active service. The Whipple arrived here from the Mexican coast tonight, bringing mail from warships in southern waters.
VICTORVILLE FIRE; CAUSE UNKNOWN.
VICTORVILLE, Sept. 14.—Fire broke out from an unknown cause in Arthur E. Hull's real estate office last night. The real estate office and the Ours Cafe, filled with diners, were entirely destroyed. The store of the Victorville Mercantile Company was saved with difficulty, but there was much damage to stock. The losses are as follows: Arthur E. Hull, \$10,000; Russell Bros. Ours Cafe, \$10,000; P. A. Fletcher and Robert W. Fletcher, lost stock and fixtures; Arthur E. Hull, real estate, \$400. An explosion of fuel distillate caused considerable excitement, but no injuries.
RURAL MAIL CHANGES.
PORTERVILLE, Sept. 14.—Owing to the rapid increase in the business of the Porterville postoffice, orders will be issued within the near future for change in the rural mail delivery system by which the suburban district will be served over three mail routes thirty-five miles in length instead of two fifty-mile routes as is at present the system.
ELECTROLYSIS FOR TULARE.
TULARE, Sept. 14.—George F. Gill, City Attorney of Tulare, is at work on the legal papers necessary for the early inception of work on construction of a system of monumental street lights to be installed in residences and business sections under the electric plan.

Coulter Dry Goods Co.
(Founded in 1878)
U. S. Postoffice Sub-Station. W. U. Telegraph Branch. American Express Branch.

Autumn Assortments of Dress Goods
Women in search of the smartest woolen materials for their fall suits, separate coats or skirts will naturally look first to Coulter's. And—our word for it—they will not be disappointed.

All-Wool Jerseys
These are the very best quality; they will not stretch; and jersey will be in sharp demand for autumn coats and suits; in green, burgundy and gold; 56 inches wide\$3.50

All-Wool Velour Checks
In the popular black and white; various sizes, at\$3.50

Millinery Notes
The High Crown Hat is the thing this fall, simply trimmed and jauntily worn.
One smart model is of black silk Lyons velvet with fancy cut steel ornament in front; medium size brim, slightly drooped, and bound with black sealine fur. The high soft crown is carefully dented at the top. Price, \$15.00. (Millinery, Main Floor)

NEW IT IS
Wool Jersey Suits
We have been providing house room for. But they will not abide with us long, so representative are they of the latest fashion dictates, and so well tailored, that you and your friends will be claiming them as your own shortly.
It is just a small shipment of women's suits of Jersey in the dark tones—Russian green, Burgundy, blue, navy, royal purple and heather mixtures.
Some have fur collars and cuffs. And, by the way, it is the collar which emphasizes most strongly the difference between the styles of the past season and the present, whether the garment be coat or frock or blouse.
These suits show long coats, generously trimmed with bone buttons—rows and rows of them. Worn under these coats are plain little skirts, moderately full.
Prices, \$35.00 to \$52.50. (Garments, Second Floor)

Cowhide Traveling Bags \$5
Genuine Cowhide Suit Cases and Traveling Bags at the cost of inferior ones. The suit case has strap ends, reinforced corners, look and trimmings of brass; 24-inch frame—sells regularly at \$7.00.
The Traveling Bag is 14-inch to 18-inch frame; reinforced corners, brass trimmings, and also worth \$7.00.
Extra Special; either number\$5.00 (Leather Goods, Main Floor)

Toilet Requisites
Cream Rins, regularly 50c
Castilla Soap, regularly 25c, per bar
Serrano Tooth Paste, a delectable formula
Poudre de Riz Aliza, Face Powder
Palmolive Talcum Powder, regularly 25c
Fletcher's Biscuit Paste, excellent
Toilet Goods; South Aliso

Bathroom Shelves
Specially Priced
Crystal Shelves
50c Shelves, size 4x1625c
65c Shelves, size 4x1827 1/2c
4x1827 1/2c
75c Shelves, size 4x2230c
75c Shelves, size 5x1835c
85c Shelves, size 5x2040c
\$1 Shelves, size 5x2245c
Opal Shelves
\$2.00 Opal shelves, 5x18\$1.25
\$2.50 Opal shelves, 5x20\$1.50
Household Brushes, Half Price
Included are Feather Dusters, Toilet Brushes, Bottle Washers, etc. (Notions; South Aliso)

Philippine Hand Made Baskets
We have secured a collection of the Baskets made in Manila by the children of the public schools, and sent to San Francisco as part of the School Exhibit from the Philippine Islands at the Panama-Pacific Exposition.
As is well known, these little people are marvelously skillful in the use of their hands, and have a true artistic sense. As a result, all their handwork is much admired, and none more so than these baskets. No two alike, each basket has its own individuality, with its full history on an attached card—material woven of, name and age of maker, and other interesting details.
Every size, shape and style of basket—
Waste baskets. Lunch hamper.
Book catchers. Sewing baskets.
Fancy covered baskets. Sandwich trays.
Mending baskets. Hanging flower holders.
And what you will.
They are beautiful—you no doubt admired them at the San Francisco Exposition. We were so fortunate as to secure a portion of this collection, and pass them on to our patrons at prices gratifyingly low.
We suggest to any of our customers desiring to make selections for holiday gifts, that they do so at once, for at the rates they are being picked up, the supply will soon be exhausted. (Art Handicrafts; Third Floor)

Crisp Breakfast Sets
As neat as the proverbial pin and far more attractive are these Breakfast sets of black and white porcelain. Price, \$1.
Or, if you choose these in colors—pink and blue checked gingham, and white check with Dresden trimmings—the price is\$1.50 and \$2.00
The long-sleeved ones of Japanese crepe come at \$3.50 (Dinner Underwear; Second Floor)

Dress-Aprons at \$1.00
Try a "Sassy Jane" Dress Apron; pink or blue chambray with contrasting finish, \$1
Better Bungalow Aprons
Checked gingham Bungalow Aprons, finished all around with rickrack braid75c (Dinner Underwear; Second Floor)

Offerings from the Linen Dept.
Bedspreads for Sleeping Porches—Dark blue hemmed bedspread, will launder nicely and very desirable for outside sleeping quarters. A wonderful value at\$2.00
Bed Sets—Beautiful satin spreads with bolster cover to match; full size; scalloped, with cut corners. Set complete\$5.00
Bath Towels—New fancy towels with colored ends, striped or checked; blue, pink and yellow. Special price 25c (Linen; Near South Aliso)

COULTER'S—215-229 South Broadway 224-228 South Hill Street—COULTER'S

VERY NEW A Paris Idea "La Glide"
Parisian design—quite different
\$8.00
You will be pleased with the shoe and more than pleased with the value.
This department is building up by being constantly alert for new ideas.
Prices that mean a saving to you.
Harrie's Tramp
Known for Better Values

Security Directors
Every director of this Bank has been a resident of this community from twenty to fifty years.
This remarkable fact is but one of the things which has developed the confidence of more than 97,000 depositors.
The confidence of small depositors is especially appreciated by this Bank.
A cordial welcome awaits you at Branch or Main Office irrespective of the size of your deposit.
SECURITY TRUST SAVINGS BANK
The Oldest and Largest Savings Bank in the Southwest
Resources Over \$50,000,000.00
SECURITY BUILDING EQUITABLE BRANCH Fifth and Spring First and Spring
SECURITY NATIONAL BANK
Fourth and Broadway
(Owned by the Stockholders of the Security Trust & Savings Bank.)
A Bank for every commercial financial need.

